## **COs, POs and PSOs**

## **Faculty of Science**

| Program  | Year  | Sem | Course    | Course Outcome (Cos)           | Program Specific Outcome (PSOs)                           | Program Outcome   |
|----------|-------|-----|-----------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Name     |       |     | Name      | At the end of course, students |   | (POs)             |
|          |       |     |           | are able to                    |   | At the end of     |
|          |       |     |           |                                |   | program students  |
| - · · ·  |       | -   | ~ ·       |                                |   | are able to       |
| Bachelor | First | 1   | Chemistry | 1. To understand the basic     | 1. To understand the basic concept of Organic, Inorganic  | 1. To familiarize |
| of       |       |     |           | concept of periodic            | Physical and Analytical Chemistry.                        | with concepts,    |
| Science  |       |     |           | properties and ionic           | 2. To elucidate Chemical Reaction and their Mechanism.    | facts and         |
| B.Sc     |       |     |           | bonding.                       | 3. To understand the stereochemistry by using Ball sticks | figures related   |
|          |       |     |           | 2. To acquire the knowledge    | model and various chemical                                | to various        |
|          |       |     |           | of s- block and p-block        | 4. To identify chemical formula and solve numerical       | branches of       |
|          |       |     |           | elements.                      | based on various concepts.                                | sciences such     |
|          |       |     |           | 3. To learn the concept of     |   | as Physics,       |
|          |       |     |           | electronic displacements,      |   | Chemistry,        |
|          |       |     |           | reactive intermediates and     |   | Botany,           |
|          |       |     |           | aliphatic hydrocarbons.        |   | Zoology,          |
|          |       |     |           | 4. To acquire the knowledge    |   | Computer          |
|          |       |     |           | of aromatic hydrocarbons       |   | sciences.         |
|          |       |     |           | including nomenclature,        |   | 2. To create an   |
|          |       |     |           | aromaticity and                |   | awareness of      |
|          |       |     |           | electrophilic aromatic         |   | the impact of     |
|          |       |     |           | hydrocarbons.                  |   | Science on the    |
|          |       |     |           | 5. To understand the basic     |   | environment,      |
|          |       |     |           | concept of                     |   | society and       |
|          |       |     |           | Thermodynamics.                |   | development       |
|          |       |     |           | 6. To learn the concept of     |   | outside the       |
|          |       |     |           | 1                              |   | scientific        |
|          |       |     |           | gaseous state and phase rule.  |   | community.        |
|          |       |     |           | Tuie.                          |   | 3. To develop     |
|          |       |     |           |                                |   | various skills    |
|          |       |     |           |                                |   | in planning,      |

|  | М  | Charitan  |  | 4. | performing and handling modern techniques, equipment, laboratory experiments and various softwares. To develop scientific attitude in students which is major objective that make them open minded, critical observation, deep thinking and curiosity? To conduct basic minor projects, camps, scientific research to provide inputs for societal benefits. |
|--|----|-----------|--|----|---|
|  | II | Chemistry | <ol> <li>To understand the concept of polarization, covalent bonding, acids and bases.</li> <li>To acquire the knowledge of periodic tables</li> </ol> |    |   |

|     |           |    |  | 1 |
|-----|-----------|----|--|---|
|     |           |    | including P-block  |   |
|     |           |    | elements, Nobel gases  |   |
|     |           |    | and non-aqueous  |   |
|     |           |    | solvents.  |   |
|     |           | 3. | To learn synthesis,  |   |
|     |           |    | preparation, reactions of  |   |
|     |           |    | the alkyl halides, aryl  |   |
|     |           |    | halides and alcohols.  |   |
|     |           | 4. | To acquire the knowledge   |   |
|     |           |    | of in details phenols,   |   |
|     |           |    | ethers and epoxides.   |   |
|     |           | 5. | To learn the physical  |   |
|     |           |    | properties and molecular   |   |
|     |           |    | structure. i.e. polar,   |   |
|     |           |    | magnetic movement.   |   |
|     |           | 6. | To understand the  |   |
|     |           | 0. | concept of chemical  |   |
|     |           |    | kinetics.  |   |
|     |           |    |  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 1  | To understand the  |   |
| III | Chemistry | 1. | To understand the  |   |
| III | Chemistry | 1. | concept covalent bonding,  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 1. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and   |   |
|     | Chemistry |    | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.   |   |
| III | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge  |   |
| III | Chemistry |    | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic  |   |
|     | Chemistry |    | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the   |   |
|     | Chemistry |    | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis.  |   |
|     | Chemistry |    | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis.  To acquire the knowledge  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis. To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis. To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids.  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis.  To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids.  To learn the concept of   |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis. To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids. To learn the concept of isomerism including  |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis. To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids. To learn the concept of isomerism including optical, geometrical and                   |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory.  To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis.  To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids.  To learn the concept of isomerism including optical, geometrical and conformational |   |
|     | Chemistry | 2. | concept covalent bonding, metallic bonding and VSEPR theory. To acquire the knowledge of quantitative inorganic analysis like the volumetric and gravimetric analysis. To acquire the knowledge of aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids. To learn the concept of isomerism including optical, geometrical and                   |   |

|    |           | 1  | C .1 .1 .1                 |  |
|----|-----------|----|----------------------------|--|
|    |           |    | of thermodynamics,         |  |
|    |           |    | equilibrium and phase      |  |
|    |           |    | equilibrium.               |  |
|    |           | 6. | To learn the concept of    |  |
|    |           |    | liquid state and           |  |
|    |           |    | electrochemistry.          |  |
| IV | Chemistry | 1. | To understand the          |  |
|    |           |    | chemistry elements in      |  |
|    |           |    | transition series and      |  |
|    |           |    | extraction of elements.    |  |
|    |           | 2. | To acquire the knowledge   |  |
|    |           |    | of inner transition        |  |
|    |           |    | elements and a general     |  |
|    |           |    | principle of metallurgy.   |  |
|    |           | 3. | To learn the knowledge     |  |
|    |           |    | of polynuclear             |  |
|    |           |    | hydrocarbons, reactive     |  |
|    |           |    | methylene compounds        |  |
|    |           |    | and carbohydrates.         |  |
|    |           | 4. | To acquire the knowledge   |  |
|    |           | ٦. | of aromatic nitro          |  |
|    |           |    | compounds, amino           |  |
|    |           |    | compounds, diazonium       |  |
|    |           |    | salts, amino acid and      |  |
|    |           |    | protein.                   |  |
|    |           | _  | 1                          |  |
|    |           | 5. | To analyze the colligative |  |
|    |           |    | properties of dilute       |  |
|    |           |    | solutions.                 |  |
|    |           | 6. | To learn the conceptof     |  |
| ** | CI.       |    | crystalline state.         |  |
| V  | Chemistry | 1. |                            |  |
|    |           |    | concept of co-ordination   |  |
|    |           |    | compounds, applications    |  |
|    |           |    | of chelates in analytical  |  |
|    |           |    | chemistry.                 |  |
|    |           | 2. | To acquire the knowledge   |  |

|  |    |           | 1  |  |  |
|--|----|-----------|----|--|--|
|  |    |           |    | of crystal field theory,                 |  |
|  |    |           |    | electronic spectra of                    |  |
|  |    |           |    | transition metal                         |  |
|  |    |           |    | complexes.                               |  |
|  |    |           | 3. | To learn the importance                  |  |
|  |    |           |    | of heterocyclic                          |  |
|  |    |           |    | compounds and                            |  |
|  |    |           |    | organometallic                           |  |
|  |    |           |    | compounds.                               |  |
|  |    |           | 4  | To acquire the knowledge                 |  |
|  |    |           | '' | of synthesis and                         |  |
|  |    |           |    | application of dyes,                     |  |
|  |    |           |    | drugs, pesticides.                       |  |
|  |    |           | 5. |  |  |
|  |    |           | ٦. |  |  |
|  |    |           |    | <b>.</b>                                 |  |
|  |    |           |    | photochemistry,<br>chemiluminescence and |  |
|  |    |           |    | chemiluminescence and bioluminescence.   |  |
|  |    |           | _  |  |  |
|  |    |           | 6. | To learn the concept of                  |  |
|  |    |           |    | molecular spectroscopy                   |  |
|  |    |           |    | and importance of the                    |  |
|  |    |           |    | Raman effect.                            |  |
|  | VI | Chemistry | 1. | To understand the                        |  |
|  |    |           |    | concept of kinetic aspects               |  |
|  |    |           |    | of metal complexes,                      |  |
|  |    |           |    | industrial application of                |  |
|  |    |           |    | spectrophotometry,                       |  |
|  |    |           |    | calorimetry, paper                       |  |
|  |    |           |    | chromatography, Paper                    |  |
|  |    |           |    | chromatography.                          |  |
|  |    |           | 2. | To acquire the knowledge                 |  |
|  |    |           |    | of organometallic                        |  |
|  |    |           |    | chemistry, application of                |  |
|  |    |           |    | inorganic polymers, the                  |  |
|  |    |           |    | biological role of                       |  |
|  |    |           |    | essential and trace                      |  |

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|          |        | elements in biological  |   |
|          |        | processes.  |   |
|          |        | 3. To apply the concept of  |   |
|          |        | electronic spectroscopy,  |   |
|          |        | IR spectroscopy to  |   |
|          |        | various organic   |   |
|          |        | structures.   |   |
|          |        | 4. To apply the concept of  |   |
|          |        | NMR, Mass spectroscopy  |   |
|          |        | to various organic  |   |
|          |        | structures.   |   |
|          |        | 5. To acquire the knowledge   |   |
|          |        | of elementary quantum   |   |
|          |        | mechanics, application of   |   |
|          |        | schrodinger wave  |   |
|          |        | equation to a particle.   |   |
|          |        | 6. To learn the concept of  |   |
|          |        | electrochemistry, Nuclear   |   |
|          |        | chemistry, application of   |   |
|          |        | radioisotopes in industry,  |   |
|          |        | agriculture, medicines,   |   |
|          |        | bio-sciences.   |   |
| I        | Botany | 1. To understand the basic 1. To acquire the knowledge of Botany.                     |   |
|          |        | concept of plant diversity. 2. To create awareness about cultivation and conservation |   |
|          |        | 2. To acquire the knowledge of Biodiversity.  |   |
|          |        | of systematic, 3. To get knowledge about recent techniques in plant                   |   |
|          |        | morphology and structure tissue culture, genetic Engineering and Biotechnology.       |   |
|          |        | of algae.  4. To start Mushroom cultivation, production of nutritious                 |   |
|          |        | 3. To understand the algae and production of bio fertilizers.                         |   |
|          |        | biodiversity and  |   |
|          |        | economics importance of   |   |
|          |        | fungi.  |   |
|          |        | 4. To differentiate various   |   |
|          |        | bryophyte.  |   |
|          |        | 5. To understand the  |   |
|          |        | concept of vascular plant.  |   |

|     | 1      |                               |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------|
|     |        | 6. To identify and analyze    |
|     |        | the application of            |
|     |        | microbes cryptograms.         |
| II  | Botany | 1. To understand phylogeny    |
|     |        | from bryophytes to            |
|     |        | gymnosperms.                  |
|     |        | 2. To classify the            |
|     |        | gymnosperms.                  |
|     |        | 3. To recognize the major of  |
|     |        | group angiosperms.            |
|     |        | 4. To acquire the knowledge   |
|     |        | of complete flowers.          |
|     |        | 5. To demonstrate the         |
|     |        | utilization of plants.        |
|     |        |                               |
|     |        | 6. To know the importance     |
|     |        | of pharmacognosy and          |
|     |        | phytochemistry with           |
|     |        | respect to medicinal          |
| TTT | D (    | plant.                        |
| III | Botany | 1. To get introduce the       |
|     |        | concept and importance        |
|     |        | of biodiversity.              |
|     |        | 2. To identify and compare    |
|     |        | the system of                 |
|     |        | classification.               |
|     |        | 3. To describe and illustrate |
|     |        | systematic studies and        |
|     |        | economic importance of        |
|     |        | angiosperms family.           |
|     |        | 4. To acquire the knowledge   |
|     |        | of plant cell, tissues and    |
|     |        | their functions.              |
|     |        | 5. To identify and compare    |
|     |        | the structural difference     |
|     |        | between monocots and          |

| <u> </u> | 1      |                              |  |
|----------|--------|------------------------------|--|
|          |        | dicots.                      |  |
|          |        | 6. To know the structure     |  |
|          |        | and development of           |  |
|          |        | monocots and dicots          |  |
|          |        | embryo.                      |  |
| IV       | Botany | 1. To explain the structure  |  |
|          |        | of cell components.          |  |
|          |        | 2. To describe the structure |  |
|          |        | and functions of cell        |  |
|          |        | organelles.                  |  |
|          |        | 3. To acquire the knowledge  |  |
|          |        | of chromosomes.              |  |
|          |        | 4. To describe the           |  |
|          |        | interaction of gene.         |  |
|          |        | 5. To illustrate linkage,    |  |
|          |        | crossing over and gene       |  |
|          |        | mutations.                   |  |
|          |        | 6. To explain the theory for |  |
|          |        | mechanism of action of       |  |
|          |        | enzymes.                     |  |
| V        | Botany | 1. To understand the plants  |  |
| '        | Bouny  | and plants cell in relations |  |
|          |        | to water.                    |  |
|          |        | 2. To acquire the knowledge  |  |
|          |        | about process of             |  |
|          |        | photosynthesis and           |  |
|          |        | respiration in higher        |  |
|          |        | plants.                      |  |
|          |        | 3. To learn about the        |  |
|          |        | nitrogen metabolism.         |  |
|          |        |                              |  |
|          |        | 4. To understand the plant   |  |
|          |        | movement.                    |  |
|          |        | 5. To understand the         |  |
|          |        | concept of ecology and       |  |
|          |        | environment.                 |  |

|    |         | 6. To acquire plant communities and ecological adaptation of plant.   |
|----|---------|---|
| VI | Botany  | 1. To understand the biochemical of nucleic acid their role in living system, experimental evidence to prove DNA as genetic material.  2. To know the concept of gene structure and expression.  3. To acquire knowledge about the regulation of gene expiration.  4. To develop knowledge about tolls and techniques of recombinant DNA, cloning vector and gene library.  5. To understand the basic aspects of plant tissue culture technique.  6. To acquire the knowledge of application of biotechnology in |
|    |         | agriculture, industry and conservations.  |
| I  | Zoology | <ol> <li>To understand the fascinating world of invertebrates including evolution, hierarchy and classification of invertebrate phyla.</li> <li>To understand Physiological changes, various genetic abnormalities, mutations in our body and impact of environment on our bodies.</li> <li>To introduce the new developments in Zoological science and its applications in various branches like fisheries, aquaculture, apriculture, agriculture, bioinform</li> </ol>  |

| <br>1    | 1        | T       |     |                             |    | -   |  |
|----------|----------|---------|-----|-----------------------------|----|---|--|
|          |          |         |     | of canal system in          |    | atics etc.  |  |
|          |          |         |     | sponges and students will   | 3. | To analyze the role of various biomolecules in living   |  |
|          |          |         |     | be able to understand the   |    | system.   |  |
|          |          |         |     | functions of spicules and   | 4. | To examine, observe, compare and contrast               |  |
|          |          |         |     | gemmules.                   |    | characteristics of animals belonging to different Phyla |  |
|          |          |         | 3.  | To analyze external as      |    | which differentiate them from other form of life.       |  |
|          |          |         |     | well as internal            |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | characters, various         |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | internal systems like       |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | digestive excretory         |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | reproductive systems of     |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | helminths.                  |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 4.  | To study the various        |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | systems in leech and        |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | cockroach.                  |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 5.  | To provide an intensive     |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | and in-depth knowledge      |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | to the students of phylum   |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | echinodermata with help     |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | of animal asterias and      |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | phylum Mollusca by          |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | using pilaglobose.          |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 6.  | To familiarize the          |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 0.  | students with the           |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | affinities of hemichordate  |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | with non-Chordata and       |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | Chordata.                   |    |   |  |
|          | II       | Zoology | 1.  | To develop a deeper         |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 1.  | understanding of basic      |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | unit of life i. e. cell and |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | it's organization.          |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | 2.  | To familiarize students     |    |   |  |
|          |          |         | ۷٠. | with various cell           |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | organelles, its structures  |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | and functions at cellular   |    |   |  |
|          |          |         |     | level.                      |    |   |  |
| <u> </u> | <u> </u> | L       |     | IC VCI.                     |    |   |  |

|   |     |         | 3. To understand the         |  |
|---|-----|---------|------------------------------|--|
|   |     |         | importance of nucleus        |  |
|   |     |         | and chromosomes.             |  |
|   |     |         | 4. To understand the process |  |
|   |     |         | of cell division ( in both   |  |
|   |     |         | somatic and germ cell)       |  |
|   |     |         | gametogenesis and            |  |
|   |     |         | fertilization.               |  |
|   |     |         | 5. To expose the concepts    |  |
|   |     |         | and process in               |  |
|   |     |         | developmental biology        |  |
|   |     |         |                              |  |
|   |     |         | 6 /                          |  |
|   |     |         | blastulation, gastrulation   |  |
|   |     |         | with the help of animals     |  |
|   |     |         | like amphioxus, frog,        |  |
|   |     |         | chick etc.                   |  |
|   |     |         | 6. To acquire the            |  |
|   |     |         | knowledge of                 |  |
|   |     |         | parthenogenesis,             |  |
|   |     |         | regeneration and             |  |
|   |     |         | placentation in mammals.     |  |
| ] | III | Zoology | 1. To understand the basic   |  |
|   |     |         | concepts about chordates.    |  |
|   |     |         | 2. To learn the various      |  |
|   |     |         | systems like digestive       |  |
|   |     |         | systems, respiratory         |  |
|   |     |         | system and reproductive      |  |
|   |     |         | systems.                     |  |
|   |     |         | 3. To analyze the systemic   |  |
|   |     |         | position and external        |  |
|   |     |         | morphology of                |  |
|   |     |         | Caloteseversicolar.          |  |
|   |     |         | 4. To classify various       |  |
|   |     |         | classes of phylum            |  |
|   |     |         | chordate i.e. Pisces,        |  |
|   |     |         | reptiles, aves and           |  |
|   |     |         | 1                            |  |

|    | 1       |                                     |
|----|---------|-------------------------------------|
|    |         | mammals.                            |
|    |         | 5. To awareness for                 |
|    |         | palaeontology i. e. fossils         |
|    |         | and its significance.               |
|    |         | 6. To learn the process of          |
|    |         | evolution.                          |
| IV | Zoology | 1. To understand the basic          |
|    |         | principles of mendelian             |
|    |         | inheritance.                        |
|    |         | 2. To learn the mechanism           |
|    |         | of crossing over an                 |
|    |         | inheritance pattern in              |
|    |         | man.                                |
|    |         | 3. To learn the concepts of         |
|    |         | linkage concept of sex              |
|    |         | determination and sex-              |
|    |         | linked inheritance.                 |
|    |         | 4. To understand the various        |
|    |         | genetical disorders.                |
|    |         | 5. To acquire knowledge             |
|    |         | regarding of biotic and             |
|    |         | abiotic factor.                     |
|    |         | 6. To learn various                 |
|    |         | ecological concepts such            |
|    |         | as ecosystem, food web,             |
|    |         | food chain pyramides and            |
|    |         | ecotypes.                           |
| V  | Zoology |                                     |
| •  | Zoology | 1. To familiarize the students with |
|    |         |                                     |
|    |         | physiological activities            |
|    |         | (respiratory, circulatory,          |
|    |         | problems and remedial.              |
|    |         | 2. To understand the                |
|    |         | structure, composition              |
|    |         | and functions of muscles.           |
|    |         | 3. To acquire broad and             |

|     | 1       |                              |
|-----|---------|------------------------------|
|     |         | deep understanding of        |
|     |         | nerve physiology and         |
|     |         | chemical co-ordination in    |
|     |         | our body.                    |
|     |         | 4. To develop deeper         |
|     |         | knowledge of                 |
|     |         | homeostasis and              |
|     |         | conservative regulation as   |
|     |         | well as reproductive         |
|     |         | physiology.                  |
|     |         | 5. To examine beneficial     |
|     |         | insects, harmful insects     |
|     |         | and ist economic             |
|     |         | importance in agricultural   |
|     |         | zoology.                     |
|     |         | 6. To describe freshwater,   |
|     |         | marine fisheries,            |
|     |         | monoculture, polyculture,    |
|     |         | techniques in induced        |
|     |         | breeding as well as scope,   |
|     |         |                              |
|     |         | importance and present       |
|     |         | status of aquaculture in     |
| 777 | 7 1     | India.                       |
| VI  | Zoology | 1. To provide intensive and  |
|     |         | in-depth knowledge of        |
|     |         | basic unit of life at        |
|     |         | molecular level i. e.        |
|     |         | DNA, RNA, and it's           |
|     |         | types and functions.         |
|     |         | 2. To demonstrate the        |
|     |         | process/ mechanism of        |
|     |         | DNA replication, concept     |
|     |         | of genes and it's brief      |
|     |         | study.                       |
|     |         | 3. To analyze the process of |
|     |         | transcription, translation   |

|   |   |   |         | l  | and same menulation        |     | 1  |  |
|---|---|---|---------|----|----------------------------|-----|--|--|
|   |   |   |         | 1  | and gene regulation.       |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         | 4. | To understand the          |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | concept of mutation,       |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | different/various types of |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | mutations and it's         |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         | _  | significance.              |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         | 5. |                            |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | developments and           |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | techniques in molecular    |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | biology and it's           |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | implications in human      |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | welfare.                   |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         | 6. | To distinguish innate      |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | immunity and acquired      |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | immunity, it's importance  |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | and to acquire the         |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | knowledge of ELIZA         |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | technique.                 |     |  |  |
|   |   | I | Physics | 1. | To gain the basic          | 1.  | To understand, adapted, create a learning environment    |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | knowledge about gravity    |     | and realize to students for core basicfundamental        |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | of earth and to visualize  |     | knowledge of major topics of physics.                    |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | planetary motion in        | 2.  | To illustrate the competence in communication skills to  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | universe.                  |     | students for communicating physicsphenomenon, laws,      |  |
|   |   |   |         | 2. | To understand              |     | basic principles, statement, theorem and application     |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | mechanical properties of   |     | oriented problemsolving numerical.                       |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | rigid body and its         | 3.  | 3To apply the Knowledge of ways and methods to           |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | application in daily life. | - ' | design and conduct an experiment demonstrating           |  |
|   |   |   |         | 3. | To learn the fundamentals  |     | various perspectives of conceptual physics for students. |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | of harmonic oscillator     | 4.  | To realize an impacts of physics and science on overall  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | model including damped     |     | development of the society andapplies the conceptual     |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | and forced oscillator.     |     | understanding of the physics to general real world       |  |
|   |   |   |         | 4  | To acquire the knowledge   |     | situations for student.                                  |  |
|   |   |   |         | '' | of simple harmonic         |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | motion same frequency      |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | by using phenomenon of     |     |  |  |
|   |   |   |         |    | interference and           |     |  |  |
| 1 | l |   | 1       | l  | interference allu          |     |  |  |

|    |         | superposition through        |
|----|---------|------------------------------|
|    |         | geometrical construction     |
|    |         | using Lissagous figures.     |
|    |         | 5. To learn the various      |
|    |         | mechanical parameters        |
|    |         | and phenomenon of            |
|    |         | elasticity and to solve the  |
|    |         | numerical.                   |
|    |         | 6. To gain daily routine     |
|    |         | application through fluid    |
|    |         |                              |
|    |         |                              |
|    |         | various phenomenon           |
| 77 | DI :    | Bernoulli's poiseulles.      |
| II | Physics | 1. To gain the basic         |
|    |         | knowledge about gravity      |
|    |         | of earth and to visualize    |
|    |         | planetary motion in          |
|    |         | universe.                    |
|    |         | 2. To understand             |
|    |         | mechanical properties of     |
|    |         | rigid body and its           |
|    |         | application in daily life.   |
|    |         | 3. To learn the fundamentals |
|    |         | of harmonic oscillator       |
|    |         | model including damped       |
|    |         | and forced oscillator.       |
|    |         | 4. To acquire the knowledge  |
|    |         | of simple harmonic           |
|    |         | motion same frequency        |
|    |         | by using phenomenon of       |
|    |         | interference and             |
|    |         | superposition through        |
|    |         | geometrical construction     |
|    |         | using Lissagous figures.     |
|    |         | 5. To learn the various      |
|    |         | mechanical parameters        |
|    |         | mechanica parameters         |

| <br>_ |          |                               |  |
|-------|----------|-------------------------------|--|
|       |          | and phenomenon of             |  |
|       |          | elasticity and to solve the   |  |
|       |          | numerical.                    |  |
|       |          | 6. To gain daily routine      |  |
|       |          | application through fluid     |  |
|       |          | dynamics by using             |  |
|       |          | various phenomenon            |  |
|       |          | Bernoulli's poiseulles.       |  |
| III   | Physics  | 1. To solve the               |  |
| 111   | Filysics | mathematical methods          |  |
|       |          |                               |  |
|       |          | Physicists often used         |  |
|       |          | including differential        |  |
|       |          | calculus, operators and       |  |
|       |          | integral calculus.            |  |
|       |          | 2. To learn Maxwell           |  |
|       |          | equations and wave            |  |
|       |          | equations satisfied by        |  |
|       |          | electric and magnetic         |  |
|       |          | field.                        |  |
|       |          | 3. To understand the          |  |
|       |          | electrical conductivity in    |  |
|       |          | semiconductor materials       |  |
|       |          | and its electrical            |  |
|       |          | behavior.                     |  |
|       |          | 4. To acquire the             |  |
|       |          | knowledge of                  |  |
|       |          | semiconductor device          |  |
|       |          | which is act as a back -      |  |
|       |          | bone of electronic device.    |  |
|       |          | 5. To understand the          |  |
|       |          | concept any motion of an      |  |
|       |          | object can achieve the        |  |
|       |          | speed of light then           |  |
|       |          | possible event such as        |  |
|       |          | length is relative, time is   |  |
|       |          | relative, mass is relative.   |  |
|       |          | Totalive, iliass is relative. |  |

|            |         | 6. To learn basic             |
|------------|---------|-------------------------------|
|            |         |                               |
|            |         | fundamental of                |
|            |         | atmosphere and its natural    |
|            |         | phenomenon and event.         |
| IV         | Physics | 1. To understand the basic    |
|            |         | fundamental of optics and     |
|            |         | superposition of two          |
|            |         | waves.                        |
|            |         | 2. To learn the concept of    |
|            |         | bending of light.             |
|            |         | 3. To understand the vertical |
|            |         | constraint on                 |
|            |         | electromagnetic wave of       |
|            |         | radiation.                    |
|            |         | 4. To acquire the             |
|            |         | information of single         |
|            |         | color wavelength              |
|            |         | monochromatic wave of         |
|            |         | Light.                        |
|            |         | 5. To learn the               |
|            |         | communication through         |
|            |         | fiber optics.                 |
|            |         |                               |
|            |         |                               |
|            |         | freely available source of    |
| <b>X</b> 7 | DI :    | energy.                       |
| V          | Physics | 1. To understand the basic    |
|            |         | fundamental of optics and     |
|            |         | superposition of two          |
|            |         | waves                         |
|            |         | 2. To learn the concept of    |
|            |         | bending of light.             |
|            |         | 3. To understand the          |
|            |         | vertical constraint on        |
|            |         | electromagnetic wave of       |
|            |         | radiation.                    |
|            |         | 4. To acquire the             |

|      | 1       |                              |
|------|---------|------------------------------|
|      |         | information of single        |
|      |         | color wavelength             |
|      |         | monochromatic wave of        |
|      |         | Light.                       |
|      |         | 5. To learn the              |
|      |         | communication through        |
|      |         | fiber optics.                |
|      |         | 6. To the understand the     |
|      |         | freely available source of   |
|      |         |                              |
| X 7X | DI :    | energy.                      |
| VI   | Physics | 1. To understand             |
|      |         | microstates and macro        |
|      |         | states of matter and to get  |
|      |         | the idea about Maxwell       |
|      |         | Boltzmann statics.           |
|      |         | 2. To familiar about         |
|      |         | statically distribution and  |
|      |         | have a basic ideas about     |
|      |         | Bose Einstein and Fermi      |
|      |         | Dirac distribution and       |
|      |         | their application.           |
|      |         | 3. To understand the crystal |
|      |         | structure and clear          |
|      |         | understanding about X-       |
|      |         | ray diffraction and defects  |
|      |         | in crystal.                  |
|      |         | 4. To understand the         |
|      |         | Electrical properties of     |
|      |         | material and band            |
|      |         | structure                    |
|      |         |                              |
|      |         | 5. To study the Magnetic     |
|      |         | properties of material.      |
|      |         | 6. To acquire the knowledge  |
|      |         | of superconductivity and     |
|      |         | nanotechnology and its       |
|      |         | application in modern        |

|    |          |    | world.                     |    |  |  |
|----|----------|----|----------------------------|----|--|--|
| I  | Computer | 1  | To understand              | 1  | To understand standard techniques for solving the      |  |
| 1  | Science  | 1. | fundamental information    | 1. | problem on computer including programing techniques    |  |
|    | Science  |    | in introduction to         |    | and techniques for the representation of information.  |  |
|    |          |    | computer with the help of  | 2  | To understand how information technology affects       |  |
|    |          |    | neat well diagram.         | ۷. | society, business and the individual, both from        |  |
|    |          | 2. | To understand the          |    | technical and from an ethical and legal point of view. |  |
|    |          | ۷. | principal functions of     | 3  | To demonstrate the understanding of basic principles   |  |
|    |          |    | operating systems, file    | ٥. | and working of hardware and software aspects of        |  |
|    |          |    | handling, file attributes  |    | computer system.                                       |  |
|    |          |    | with net andlabeled        | 4. | 1  |  |
|    |          |    | diagram.                   | ٦. | related to algorithm, networking, cloud computing, web |  |
|    |          | 3. | To apply the knowledge     |    | designing and data analytics of varying complexity.    |  |
|    |          | .  | of data communications     |    | and data and the of fulfing completity.                |  |
|    |          |    | refers to transmission of  |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | digital data between two   |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | ormore computers           |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | through computer           |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | network.                   |    |  |  |
|    |          | 4. | To illustrate the concept  |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | of aspect of C             |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | programming with the       |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | help of neat and well      |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | labeling diagram.          |    |  |  |
|    |          | 5. | To understand the          |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | constant and variables in  |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | C programming.             |    |  |  |
|    |          | 6. | To understand the          |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | concept of processing      |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | input and output Course.   |    |  |  |
| II | Computer | 1. | To understand the          |    |  |  |
|    | Science  |    | concept of data structure. |    |  |  |
|    |          | 2. | To apply the knowledge     |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | linked list & amp; its     |    |  |  |
|    |          |    | implementation.            |    |  |  |
|    |          | 3. | To apply the knowledge     |    |  |  |

| -   | 1        |     |                             |  |
|-----|----------|-----|-----------------------------|--|
|     |          |     | of basics trees, traversing |  |
|     |          |     | and techniques.             |  |
|     |          | 4.  | To understand the aspects   |  |
|     |          |     | of various functions and    |  |
|     |          |     | arrays.                     |  |
|     |          | 5.  | To illustrate the concept   |  |
|     |          |     | of various string handling  |  |
|     |          |     | and pointers.               |  |
|     |          | 6.  | To understand the           |  |
|     |          |     | concept of structure and    |  |
|     |          |     | processing input and        |  |
|     |          |     | output.                     |  |
| III | Computer | 1.  | •                           |  |
|     | Science  |     | the data structure and      |  |
|     |          |     | design.                     |  |
|     |          | 2.  | To apply the knowledge      |  |
|     |          |     | of introduction to queues   |  |
|     |          |     | and linked list.            |  |
|     |          | 3.  | To apply the knowledge      |  |
|     |          | .   | of basics trees, sorting    |  |
|     |          |     | and searching interact      |  |
|     |          |     | with data structure.        |  |
|     |          | 4.  | To understand the           |  |
|     |          |     | aspects of object oriented  |  |
|     |          |     | programming in C++          |  |
|     |          | 5.  | To illustrate the concept   |  |
|     |          | ] . | of various functions in     |  |
|     |          |     | C++.                        |  |
|     |          | 6.  | To apply the knowledge      |  |
|     |          | 0.  | of operator overloading     |  |
|     |          |     | and Inheritance in C++.     |  |
| IV  | Computer | 1.  |                             |  |
| • • | Science  | 1.  | fundamental of DBMS.        |  |
|     | Science  | 2.  | To apply the knowledge      |  |
|     |          |     | of introduction to          |  |
|     |          |     | relational model.           |  |
|     |          |     | relational model.           |  |

|    | 1        | 1 - |                           |  |
|----|----------|-----|---------------------------|--|
|    |          | 3.  | To apply the knowledge    |  |
|    |          |     | of basics introduction to |  |
|    |          |     | SQL.                      |  |
|    |          | 4.  | To understand the basics  |  |
|    |          |     | of various functions.     |  |
|    |          | 5.  | To illustrate the concept |  |
|    |          |     | of PL/SQL, Cursor         |  |
|    |          |     | & amp; Triggers.          |  |
|    |          | 6.  | To apply the knowledge    |  |
|    |          | 0.  | of transaction & camp;    |  |
|    |          |     | securities of database.   |  |
| X7 | C .      | 1   |                           |  |
| V  | Computer | 1.  | To understand the various |  |
|    | Science  |     | .Net framework.           |  |
|    |          | 2.  | To apply the concept of   |  |
|    |          |     | even driven               |  |
|    |          |     | programming.              |  |
|    |          | 3.  | To apply the knowledge    |  |
|    |          |     | of basics decisions and   |  |
|    |          |     | loops refers to decision  |  |
|    |          |     | making standard and       |  |
|    |          |     | executethe series of      |  |
|    |          |     | statements.               |  |
|    |          | 4.  | To understand the aspects |  |
|    |          |     | of java programming       |  |
|    |          |     | fundamental               |  |
|    |          | 5.  | To illustrate the concept |  |
|    |          |     | of classes and            |  |
|    |          |     | inheritances in Java      |  |
|    |          |     | programming.              |  |
|    |          | 6   | To apply the knowledge    |  |
|    |          | 0.  | of Java is a true object  |  |
|    |          |     | oriented language.        |  |
| VI | Computer | 1   | To understand the         |  |
| 1  | Science  | 1.  | exception handling and    |  |
|    | Science  |     |                           |  |
|    |          | 2   | multithreading.           |  |
|    |          | 2.  | To apply the concept of   |  |

|  | applet in advanced java.     |
|--|------------------------------|
|  |                              |
|  | 3. To apply the knowledge    |
|  | of event handling and        |
|  | AWT.                         |
|  | 4. To understand the aspects |
|  | of windows applications:     |
|  | forms.                       |
|  | 5. To illustrate the concept |
|  | of object oriented           |
|  | programming: classes and     |
|  | objects.                     |
|  | 6. To apply the knowledge    |
|  | of data access with          |
|  | ADO.net.                     |